

1st Grade Standards Checklist

Reading Literature Standards

Key Ideas and Details							
P	RL.1.1	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.					
P	RL.1.2	Retell stories, including key details , and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson .					
	RL.1.3	Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details .					
Craft & Structure							
	RL.1.4	Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses .					
	RL.1.5	Explain major differences between books that tell stories and books that give information , drawing on a wide reading of a range of text types.					
	RL.1.6	Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.					
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas							
	RL.1.7	Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.					
	RL.1.9	Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories.					
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity							
	RL.1.10	With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of appropriate complexity for grade 1.					

Reading Informational Text Standards

Key Ideas and Details							
P	RI.1.1	Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.					
P	RI.1.2	Identify the main topic and retell key details of a text.					
	RI.1.3	Describe the connection between two individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text.					
Craft & Structure							
	RI.1.4	Ask and answer questions to help determine or clarify the meaning of words and phrases in a text.					
	RI.1.5	Know and use various text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text.					
	RI.1.6	Distinguish between information provided by pictures or other illustrations and information provided by the words in a text.					
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas							
	RI.1.7	Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas .					
	RI.1.8	Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.					
	RI.1.9	Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).					
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity							
	RI.1.10	With prompting and support, read informational texts appropriately complex for grade 1.					

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Writing Standards

Key Ideas and Details

P	W.1.1	Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion , supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure .						
P	W.1.2	Write informative/explanatory texts in which they name a topic , supply some facts about the topic, and provide some sense of closure .						
P	W.1.3	Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events , include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure .						

Production and Distribution of Writing

P	W.1.5	With guidance and support from adults, focus on a topic , respond to questions and suggestions from peers , and add details to strengthen writing as needed.						
W.1.6		With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.						

Research to Build and Present Knowledge

W.1.7	Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of “how-to” books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).						
W.1.8	With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question .						

Speaking and Listening Standards

Comprehension and Collaboration

P	SL.1.1	Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups:						
		a. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others with care, speaking one at a time about the topics and texts under discussion).						
		b. Build on others’ talk in conversations by responding to the comments of others through multiple exchanges.						
		c. Ask questions to clear up any confusion about the topics and texts under discussion.						
SL.1.2		Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media .						
SL.1.3		Ask and answer questions about what a speaker says in order to gather additional information or clarify something that is not understood.						

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

SL.1.4	Describe people, places, things, and events with relevant details, expressing ideas and feelings clearly .						
SL.1.5	Add drawings or other visual displays to descriptions when appropriate to clarify ideas, thoughts, and feelings.						
SL.1.6	Produce complete sentences when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 1 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)						

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Reading Foundational Skills Standards

Print Concepts

RF.1.1	Demonstrate understanding of the organization and basic features of print :						
	a. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g., first word, capitalization, ending punctuation).						

Phonological Awareness

RF.1.2	Demonstrate understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds (phonemes).						
	a. Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.						
	b. Orally produce single-syllable words by blending sounds (phonemes), including consonant blends.						
	c. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single-syllable words.						
	d. Segment spoken single-syllable words into their complete sequence of individual sounds (phonemes).						

Phonics and Word Recognition

RF.1.3	Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words .						
	a. Know the spelling-sound correspondences for common consonant digraphs .						
	b. Decode regularly spelled one-syllable words .						
	c. Know final -e and common vowel team conventions for representing long vowel sounds .						
	d. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel sound to determine the number of syllables in a printed word.						
	e. Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables.						
	f. Read words with inflectional endings .						
	g. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words .						

Fluency

RF1.4	Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension .						
	a. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding .						
	b. Read grade-level text orally with accuracy , appropriate rate , and expression on successive readings.						
	c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.						

Language Standards

Conventions of Standard English

L.1.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.						
	a. Independently identify and legibly write all upper-and-lowercase letters (legibility is defined as the letter being recognizable to readers in isolation from other letters in a word).						
	b. Produce grade-appropriate text using legible writing .						
	c. Use common, proper, and possessive nouns .						
	d. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic sentences (e.g., <i>He hops; We hop</i>).						
	e. Use personal possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g., <i>I, me, my; they, them, their; anyone, everything</i>).						
	f. Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., <i>Yesterday I walked home; Today I walk</i>						

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	<i>home; Tomorrow I will walk home).</i>						
	g. Use frequently occurring adjectives .						
	h. Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g., <i>and, but, or, so, because</i>).						
	i. Use determiners (e.g., articles, demonstratives).						
	j. Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., <i>during, beyond, toward</i>).						
	k Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative, imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts .						
P L.1.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.						
	a. Capitalize dates and names of people.						
	b. Use end punctuation for sentences.						
	c. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series.						
	d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words.						
	e. Spell untaught words phonetically , drawing on phonemic awareness and spelling conventions.						
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use							
P L.1.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 1 reading and content</i> , choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.						
	a. Use sentence-level context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.						
	b. Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word.						
	c. Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., <i>look</i>) and their inflectional forms (e.g., <i>looks, looked, looking</i>).						
L.1.5	With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.						
	a. Sort words into categories (e.g., colors, clothing) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.						
	b. Define words by category and by one or more key attributes (e.g., a <i>duck</i> is a bird that swims; a <i>tiger</i> is a large cat with stripes).						
	c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., note places at home that are <i>cozy</i>).						
	d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner (e.g., <i>look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl</i>) and adjectives differing in intensity (e.g., <i>large, gigantic</i>) by defining or choosing them or by acting out the meanings.						
L.1.6	Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g., <i>because</i>).						